## LESSON PLAN

| Student: | Lesson \#115 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Length: 45-60 minutes | Date: |
| Instructor: | Time: |

Credits: This lesson was created by Shawna Audet from the Flying Cat Academy. The drills and the scope and sequence that it follows were created by the Dyslexia Training Institute. The pictures come from pixabay.com.

## Section 1: Sight Word Study Method and Review Drills

Sight Words - 5 minutes
Equipment: list of common sight words, instruction sheet, blank index cards, and marker Current sight words:
New words added:
Phonemic Awareness Drill - 3 minutes
Equipment: coloured tiles
Words: ban, barn, born, burn, bur, pur, purp, purpl
Visual Drill - 2 minutes

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Equipment: card pack of graphemes on which student is currently working written on index cards consonants: b,c,d,d,f,g,h,j,k,l,m,n,p,qu,r,s,t,v,w,x,y,z
single grapheme vowels: \(\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{e}, \mathrm{i}, \mathrm{o}, \mathrm{u}, \mathrm{y}\)
begin. consonant blends: \(\mathrm{bl}, \mathrm{cl}, \mathrm{fl}, \mathrm{gl}, \mathrm{pl}, \mathrm{sl}, \mathrm{br}, \mathrm{cr}, \mathrm{dr}, \mathrm{fr}, \mathrm{gr}, \mathrm{pr}, \mathrm{tr}, \mathrm{sc}, \mathrm{sk}, \mathrm{sm}, \mathrm{sn}, \mathrm{sp}, \mathrm{st}, \mathrm{sw}, \mathrm{tw}, \mathrm{scr}, \mathrm{spl}, \mathrm{str}, \mathrm{squ}\)
ending consonant blends: \(\mathrm{ct}, \mathrm{ft}, \mathrm{lt}, \mathrm{pt}, \mathrm{nt}, \mathrm{st}, \mathrm{xt}, \mathrm{lf}, \mathrm{lk}, \mathrm{lp}, \mathrm{ld}, \mathrm{mp}, \mathrm{sk}, \mathrm{sp}\)
exceptions to closed syllable rule: all, ang, ank, ing, ank, ing, ink, old, ild, ind, igh
consonant digraphs: ch, sh, ph, wh, th
other: tch, ck, ci, co, cu, cy, cl, cr, ct, gl, gr, ga, ge, gi, go, gu, gy, mb, wr, kn, dge, gh, que
vowel teams (also known as vowel digraphs): ai, ay, ee, ey, oa, oe, ow, ue, ie
vowel diphthongs: au, aw, oi, oy, oo, ou, ow, ie ew, ea
r-controlled: ar, or, er, ir, ur
(reminder: use blocking strategies and remove mastered sounds from pack)
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Auditory Drill - 2 minutes
Equipment: Same pack of index cards that you used for the visual drill

## Section 2: New Content and Reading

## Syllable Card Drill - 2 minutes

## Equipment: index cards

1. Put all syllables on index cards. Place the cards in two columns with "Syllable \#1" cards in the first column and "kle" card in the second column.

| buc kle <br> tric  <br> chuc  <br> knuc  <br> shac  <br> pric  <br> hac  |  | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | | 1. Say that in English we avoid doubling the letter ' $k$ ' so we use 1 ' $c$ ' and ' $k$ ' instead |
| :--- |
| 2. Complete, the drill by asking the student to do the following things: |
| a) Read the Column \#1 syllables first and then read the Column \#2 syllable. |
| b) Combine 'kle' to form real words with all the other syllable cards. |
| c) discuss word meanings and ask student to use words in sentences. |

Review of Recent Rules and Concepts - 11 minutes

## Topic: Pounding Syllables

Equipment: hands
Word List: unshackle, rebuckle, knuc, knuckle
Instructions: Orally practice identifying syllables in words by having student tap arm and extend a finger for each new syllable heard.

## Topic: Syllabication

Equipment: letter tiles, syllabication worksheet

1. Ask student to work through the syllable division worksheet, giving guidance as needed. Words: buckle (buc-kle), freckle (frec-kle), bespeckle (be-spec-kle)

## Topic: Review of the Consonant-le syllable type

Materials: rule card

1. Ask student to take out the rule card for consonant-le:
a. One consonant
b. Followed by an <l> and the silent letter <e>
c. It is always the final syllable in poly-syllabic words (can't be in the first syllable)
2. Ask student to explain what they know about this syllable type this is a unique syllable type because it it only exists in two syllable words.

- The consonant-le syllable type does not have a vowel sound. The <e> is silent

3. Ask the student share the story that they use to remember how this syllable type works:
'Consonant' and 'Le' are brother and sister. 'Consonant' babysits his younger sister
every day. 'Le' loves following her brother around. 'Consonant' is very social so he always wants to be with his friends. He takes 'Le' to the park where they meet up with his grapheme friends, to play.

## Guiding Questions

Are there two or more syllables?
Is there a consonant followed by the letters "le" in the last syllable?
What sound does this consonant le combination make?
What type of syllable is this?

## New Content/New Rule - 4 minutes

## Topic: Adding Suffixes to the consonant-le Syllable Type

Materials needed: magnetic letter tiles
Explain to the student that when adding a suffix ending that begins with a vowel to a syllable that is a consonant-le, you must drop the e and add the ending.

1. Teacher places down magnetic letter tile to spell title.
2. Ask the student to add the following suffixes to title and apply the rule: $s$, ed, ing
3. Teacher places down magnetic letter tile to spell buckle.
4. Ask the student to add the following suffixes to title and apply the rule: s, ed, ing

Isolated Words - Magnetic Letter Tile Reading Drill - 5 minutes
Equipment: magnetic letter tiles placed in rainbow shape in alphabetical order Words: bugling, bibles, prickling

Word List - Oral Reading of Isolated Words - 2 minutes
Word List: steeple, circle, fable, noodle, uncle, title, huffle, snapple, sizzle, fizzle, chuckle, chuckling, crackling, crackled, crackles, freckled, unshackled, heckling, heckler

Sentences - Oral Reading of Connected Text - 2 minutes

## "Sam Gobbles Up Food" story

## Section 3: Writing

## Isolated Words - Magnetic Letter Tile Spelling Drill - 5 minutes

Word list: prickle, prickling, fizzled
Finger Tapping/Tracing/Writing - individual words - 2 minutes
Word list: rifling, crackled, giggling, sizzles
Connected Text - 5 minutes
Ask the student to write the following dictated sentences. Use CHOPS to check work:

1. I chuckled at the funny joke.
2. The little dog circled the table.
3. I grumbled when I got lost in the jungle.

Wrap-Up/Review - 2 minutes
Student uses multisensory tools to summarize key concepts.

- Definition of consonant-le syllable type
- Doubling the consonant in the first syllable of some consonant-le words
- Adding suffixes to consonant-le syllable type

Homework: Practice sight words (reading and writing)


## Scooping Syllables Worksheet

| Closed Syllable | C |
| :--- | :---: |
| Open Syllable | O |
| Schwa | O |
| Vowel, Consonant, Silent E | VCE |
| Vowel Team | VT |
| Vowel Diphthong | VD |
| R-Controlled | RC |

## buckle

# freckle 

## bespeckle

## Scooping Syllables Worksheet


c cle


| steeple | chuckle |
| :---: | :---: |
| circle | chuckling |
| fable | crackling |
| noodle | crackled |
| uncle | crackles |
| title | freckled |
| huffle | unshackled |
| snapple | heckling |
| sizzle | heckler |

## Sam Gobbles Up Food

Sam was a little brown dog. Sam was excited.
Sam's boy, Tim, was having a birthday party.
Sam loved birthday parties. There was always lots for food for Sam at birthday parties.

Sam circled the food table, looking for his chance.
A kid put a big pile of noodles on a plate.
Sam ran in between the kid's legs.
The kid fumbled with the plate and dropped it.
Sam gobbled up the noodles.
Tim blew out the candles on the cake.
Plates of cake were passed around.
Sam wiggled in between two kids and whacked a plate with his tail.

The cake fell and Same gobbled it up.

## Instructions

Do not show this picture until AFTER the student reads the story. If you show it before, you are teaching the student to guess at words based on the picture. We want to teach the student to use decoding skills.

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## I chuckled at the funny joke.

## The little dog circled the table.

## I grumbled when I got lost in the jungle.

