## LESSON PLAN

| Student: | Lesson \#94 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Length: 45-60 minutes | Date: |
| Instructor: | Time: |
| Credits: This lesson was created by Shawna Audet from the Flying Cat Academy. The drills and the scope and <br> sequence that it follows were created by the Dyslexia Training Institute. The pictures come from pixabay.com. |  |

## Section 1: Sight Word Study Method and Review Drills

## Sight Words - 5 minutes

Equipment: list of common sight words, instruction sheet, blank index cards, and marker
Current sight words:
New words added:
Phonemic Awareness Drill - 3 minutes
Equipment: coloured tiles
Words: boot, boom, room, roo crook, rook, ook, shook
Visual Drill - 2 minutes

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Equipment: card pack of graphemes on which student is currently working written on index cards consonants: b,c,d,f,g,h,j,j,k,l,m,n,p,qu,r,s,t,v,w,x,y,z
single grapheme vowels: a,e,i,o,u,y
begin. consonant blends: \(\mathrm{bl}, \mathrm{cl}, \mathrm{fl}, \mathrm{gl}, \mathrm{pl}, \mathrm{sl}, \mathrm{br}, \mathrm{cr}, \mathrm{dr}, \mathrm{fr}, \mathrm{gr}, \mathrm{pr}, \mathrm{tr}, \mathrm{sc}, \mathrm{sk}, \mathrm{sm}, \mathrm{sn}, \mathrm{sp}, \mathrm{st}, \mathrm{sw}, \mathrm{tw}, \mathrm{scr}, \mathrm{spl}, \mathrm{str}, \mathrm{squ}\) ending consonant blends: ct , \(\mathrm{ft}, \mathrm{lt}, \mathrm{pt}, \mathrm{nt}, \mathrm{st}, \mathrm{xt}, \mathrm{lf}, \mathrm{lk}, \mathrm{lp}, \mathrm{ld}, \mathrm{mp}, \mathrm{sk}, \mathrm{sp}\)
exceptions to closed syllable rule: all, ang, ank, ing, ank, ing, ink, old, ild, ind consonant digraphs: ch, sh, ph, wh, th
other: tch, ck, ci, co, cu, cy, cl, cr, ct, gl, gr, ga, ge, gi, go, gu, gy, mb, wr, kn, dge, gh, que
vowel teams (also known as vowel digraphs): ai, ay, ee, ey, oa, oe, ow, ue
vowel diphthongs: au, aw, oi, oy, oo
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Auditory Drill - 2 minutes
Equipment: Same pack of index cards that you used for the visual drill

## Section 2: New Content and Reading

Blending Drill - 2 minutes

## Equipment: letter cards

ro, roo, room, rook, crook, croo, croon, roon, noon, noo, no, not

Review of Recent Rules and Concepts - 12 minutes

## Topic: Pounding Syllables

Equipment: hands
Word List: astronaut, bootless, croo, crooning
Instructions: Orally practice identifying syllables in words by having student tap arm and extend a finger for each new syllable heard.

## Topic: Syllabication

Equipment: letter tiles, syllabication worksheet

1. Ask student to work through the syllable division worksheet, giving guidance as needed. Words: astronaut (as-tro-naut), August (Au-gust), noontime (noon-time)

## Topic: Using suffixes with previously learned syllable types

Materials: suffixes worksheet
Ask student to work on "Adding Suffixes (Endings)" sheet.

## Topic: Review of 'oo' vowel diphthong as in 'boo' and 'oo' as 'boot

Materials: magnetic letter tiles, sorting drill

1. Place letter tiles down for 'boo.' Ask the student to read the word and note the sound that the ' $o o$ ' is making. Remind the student that ' $o o^{\prime}$ ' has a second sound. Add a letter ' $k$ ' to the end of 'boo' to spell 'book." Ask the student to explain how /oo/ changed.
2. Tell the student that when ' $k$ ' or ' $d$ ' follow 'oo' we usually use the second sound. Prove placing tiles to make 'too' and then 'took.'
Mention that there two common exceptions = food, mood
3. Ask the student to use the idea that 'oo' sound like /oo/ as in book when followed by a ' $k$ ' or ' d ' to complete word sort with the headings and words below and read the words

| "oo" as in boo | "oo" as in book |
| :--- | :---: |
| boo, too. loon, loot, groom, pool, cool | When followed by 'k' or 'd' |

New Content/New Rule - 5 minutes
Topic: Introduction to 'ou' vowel diphthong
Materials: cards for word sort

1. Place down letter tiles to spell ou. Explain that the vowel diphthong "ou" has two sounds. Add a ' t ' tile. Explain that, in this lesson, we'll be looking at how it can sound like "ou" as in "out."
2. Tell the student that 'out' and 'ound' is 2 common patterns to make /ou/.

| "out" words | "ound" words |
| :--- | :--- |
| out | pound |
| pout | sound |
| trout | round |
| shout | found |
| grout | ground |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Isolated Words - Magnetic Letter Tile Reading Drill - 5 minutes
Equipment: magnetic letter tiles placed in rainbow shape in alphabetical order
Words: out, trout, loud, cloud, mouth
Word List - Oral Reading of Isolated Words - 2 minutes
Word list: out, pout, trout, shout, loud, cloud, found, sound, hound round, ground, mouth, south, count, boy, hood, boyhood, cookbook

Sentences - Oral Reading of Connected Text - 2 minutes
"Mountain and Cloud" story

## Section 3: Writing

Isolated Words - Magnetic Letter Tile Spelling Drill - 5 minutes
Word list: coo, cook, out, trout, sound, found
Finger Tapping/Tracing/Writing - individual words - 2 minutes
Word list: coo, cook, soy, soil, loud, pout, mouth
Connected Text - 5 minutes
Ask the student to write the following dictated sentences. Use CHOPS to check work:
She found a coin on the ground.
The boy jumped when there was a loud sound.
The mouth of the lake is in the south.
Wrap-Up/Review - 2 minutes
Student uses multisensory tools to summarize key concepts.

- Definition of vowel diphthong
- Sounds of 'au,' 'aw,' ‘oi,' ‘oy,' ‘oo' and 'ou' (and patterns in placement)

Homework: Practice sight words (reading and writing)

## Scooping Syllables Worksheet

| Closed Syllable | C |
| :--- | :---: |
| Open Syllable | O |
| Schwa | ə |
| Vowel, Consonant, Silent E | VCE |
| Vowel Team | VT |
| Vowel Diphthong | VD |

## astronaut

## August

noontime

## Scooping Syllables Worksheet



Note: I have the student create their own symbol to use to identify the vowel diphthong syllable type. In this case, a star is being used.

vd
c


## Adding Suffixes (Endings)

Closed Syllable $=1: 1: 1$ rule

| 1 syllable word | 1 short vowel before the last consonant | only 1 consonant at end | ending starts with vowel: s, ing, ed, ful, less, er, est, ness, y | Answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pick | $V$ |  | $V$ | picking |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| duck, grass, well, dip rass |  |  |  |  |

Closed Syllable $=2: 1: 1$ rule

| 2 or more <br> syllables in <br> word | 1 short <br> vowel in <br> last <br> syllable | Only one <br> consonant <br> at end | Accent is <br> on last <br> syllable | ending starts <br> with vowel: <br> s, ing, ed, <br> ful, less, er, <br> est, ness, <br> ment, $y$ | Answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| omit | V | V | 而 |  |  |
|  | control, regret, begin <br> ropel |  |  |  |  |

Open Syllables: (change the y to an i and add the ending)

| Word | Suffix <br> es, ing, ed, <br> ful, less, er, est, ness | Answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| fry, go, try |  |  |
| ry |  |  |$\quad$.

## Vowel Consonant Silent e (VCE):

drop the e on the base and add the suffix if the suffix starts with a vowel Note: when adding suffix y, you often drop the e, but not always - dicey, hokey)

| Word | Suffix <br> s, ing, ed, <br> ful, less, er, est, ness, y | Answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| rule, rage, time, fame <br> hine |  |  |

## Vowel Teams

Slam on the ending if the last letter in the base is any letter except ' e ' If the last ' $e$ ' in the base is an ' $e$,' then drop the ' $e$ ' and add the vowel ending.

| Word | Suffix <br> s, ing, ed, <br> ful, less, er, est, ness, y | Answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| row, grow, mean, green <br> reen |  |  |

## Vowel Diphthongs

Slam on the ending if the last letter in the base is any letter except ' $e$ ' If the last ' $e$ ' in the base is an ' $e$,' drop the ' $e$ ' and add the vowel ending.

| Word | Suffix <br> s, ing, ed, <br> ful, less, er, est, ness, y | Answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| draw, join, cook, hook |  |  |
| poon |  |  |



## "out" words "ound" words



| out | round |
| :---: | :---: |
| pout | ground |
| trout | mouth |
| shout | south |
| loud | count |
| cloud | boy |
| found | hood |
| sound | boyhood |
| hound | cookbook |

## Mountain and Cloud

Long ago, there was a mountain and a cloud.
The mountain and cloud were good pals.
They liked to pass the time chatting about life.
One day, Cloud asked, "Is it better to be a cloud or a mountain?"

Mountain said, "Clouds are the best. Clouds can fly. Mountains are stuck on the ground."

Cloud said, "Yes, but mountains are rich."
"How am I rich?" asked Mountain.
"You can hold gold."
"That is a good point. I think that clouds and mountains are both the best."
"We can't both be the best. Let's have a contest to find out."
"No."
"Why?"
Mountains always win contests by a landslide.

## Instructions

Do not show this picture until AFTER the student reads the story. If you show it before, you are teaching the student to guess at words based on the picture. We want to teach the student to use decoding skills.

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# She found a coin on the 

## ground.

## The boy jumped when there

was a loud sound.

The mouth of the lake is in the south.

