## LESSON PLAN

| Student: | Lesson \#40 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Length: $45-60$ minutes | Date: |
| Instructor: | Time: |

Credits: This lesson was created by Shawna Audet from the Flying Cat Academy. The drills used in this lesson and the scope and sequence that it follows were created by the Dyslexia Training Institute. The pictures used in the connected text section comes from pixabay.com.

## Section 1: Sight Word Study Method and Review Drills

## Sight Words - 5 minutes

Equipment: list of common sight words, instruction sheet, blank index cards, and marker
Notes Current sight words:
New words added:

## Short Vowel Drill - 3 minutes

Equipment: 5 short vowel keyword pictures and the "Fat Ed is not up" handout.
Notes
Note: Discontinue this drill when the sounds are mastered
Phonemic Awareness Drill - 3 minutes

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Equipment: differently coloured blocks of uniform shape
Word List: desk, disk, dusk, dunk, lunk, plunk ten, tren, trench
Visual Drill - 2 minutes
Equipment: card pack of graphemes on which the student is currently working

Equipment: Same pack of index cards that you used for the visual drill

\section*{Section 2: New Content and Reading}

\section*{Syllable Card Drill - 2 minutes}

Equipment: index cards
1. Write each syllable on an index card. Place the cards in two columns so that all of the "Syllable \#1" cards are in the first column (ad, fin, plan, pump, mis, lim) and "Syllable \#2" cards in the second column (ish, et, mit, fit, kin, it)
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline ad & ish \\
\hline fin & et \\
\hline plan & mit \\
\hline pump & fit \\
\hline mis & kin \\
\hline lim & it \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
2. Complete, the drill by asking the student to do the following things:
a) read down all the Column \#1 syllables and then read all the Column \#2 syllables.
b) read across each row (the words will often be nonsense words)
c) move around words in Column \#2 to create real words (admit, finish, planet, pumpkin, misfit, limit).
d) Discuss the meaning of each word with the student and ask the student to use each word in a sentence.

Review of Recent Rules and Concepts - 7 minutes
Topic: Pounding Syllables
Equipment: hands
Word List: pumpkin, astonish, fit, misfit, volcanic
Instructions
1. Orally practice identifying syllables in words by having student tap arm and extend a finger for each new syllable heard.

\section*{Topic: 'tch' rule}

Equipment: 'tch' letter card, rule card, letter cards for blending drill
1. Ask the student to explain the 'tch' rule. Read the rule card.
2. The teacher will say a word from the list below. The student will repeat the word and then point to either the 'ch' or 'tch' column. The teacher will show the word card so that the student can check to see if she is correct.
'ch' words: ranch, pinch, runch, crunch
'tch' words: stitch, fetch, ditch, match

\section*{Topic: Double f, I, s, and z Rule}

Equipment: letter cards, rule card, key phrase picture of Jeff and Buzz, index cards 1. Ask the student to explain the "Jeff will pass Buzz" rule. The student might say that there are a few letters that get doubled when they appear at the end of a one syllable closed syllable word. Ask the student to explain how the keyword phrase is helpful. 3. Take out the rule card. Read it to the student and emphasize that the rule is only for one syllable closed syllable words:

\section*{Double f, I, s and z Rule}
1. In a one syllable base/root word that ends in the \(/ \mathrm{f} /, \mathrm{/l} / \mathrm{/} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{or} / \mathrm{z} /\) sound
2. And the sound directly before/preceding the \(/ \mathrm{f} / \mathrm{/} / \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{s} /\) or \(/ \mathrm{z} /\) sound is a short vowel sound
3. Double the ' \(f\) ', 1 ', ' \(s\) ' or ' \(z\) '
3. Ask the student to sort words under the headings and then add letters to the words that need a double letter at the end of the word. Ask the student to read the words.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ YES } & \\
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Word ends in " f, " " I, " " s, " or " z " } & \\
\hline buf f & zip \\
\hline wil+ l & lish \\
\hline mes +s & den \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Topic: 'ck' Rule}
1. Review the concept of 'ck' as another grapheme for the sound of /k/ using an index card with the rule written on it.

Rule:
1. In a one syllable base/root word
2. That ends in the \(/ k /\) sound
3. And the sound directly before the \(/ k /\) sound is a short vowel sound
4. The \(/ k /\) sound will be spelled 'ck.'
2. Ask the student to explain how 'milk' does not follow the rule so you use only ' \(k\) ' and discuss how 'truck' does follow the rule so you use 'ck'.
3. Use index cards that have the beginning of a word (like 'dun'). Ask the student to choose either a ' \(k\) ' letter card of a ' ck ' letter card to make a word that ends in the \(/ \mathrm{k} /\) sound. Ask the student to explain her reasoning. As the student completes each word, ask her to use a two-column chart to write the words that fit under the two columns. One column will be 'ck' and the other column will be just ' \(k\) '.
Words to use: mask, bulk, dusk, hunk deck, stack, tuck, flock
New Content/New Rule - 8 minutes
1. Introduce syllabication rules by telling student that being able to break words into syllables can help with spelling and reading. Demonstrate the steps to scooping syllables by using the word "him."
2. Give the student the steps for scooping syllables rule sheet and add it to the "Syllable" section of the student's binder.
3. Practice scooping syllables on "Scooping Syllables Worksheet \#1"

\section*{Isolated Words - Magnetic Letter Tile Reading Drill - 5 minutes}

Equipment: magnetic letter tiles placed in rainbow shape in alphabetical order
Notes Word list: stink, clunk, buck, blick, lick, luck

Word List - Oral Reading of Isolated Words - 2 minutes
Word list: hunk, silk, cluck, lick, flick, punk, link, blink, black, flack, flask, milk, stunk, rank,
Notes rink, runk, brunk, brink, truck, slick

Sentences - Oral Reading of Connected Text - 2 minutes
"Ted and Fred" story

\section*{Section 3: Writing}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|}
\hline Isolated Words - Magnetic Letter Tile Spelling Drill - 5 minutes & \\
\hline Word list: block, clock, hunk, wick & Notes \\
\hline Finger Tapping/Tracing/Writing - individual words - 2 minutes & \\
\hline Word list: lick, sunk, slunk, pick & Notes \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l|l|}
\hline Connected Text - 5 minutes
\end{tabular} & Notes \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Ask the student to write the following dictated sentences. Use CHOPS to check work: \\
1. The big buck is back. \\
2. The black tablet is fantastic. \\
3. The clock struck ten.
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Wrap-Up/Review - 2 minutes
\end{tabular} & Note \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Student uses multisensory tools to summarize key concepts. \\
\(-\quad\) "tch" rule \\
\(-\quad\) f,l,s,z doubling rule \\
Homework
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Instructions: Cut these cards out and use them for the drill.


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\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline YES & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{NO} \\
\hline  & \\
\hline buf & zip \\
\hline wil & lish \\
\hline mes & den \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Instructions: Cut these cards out and use them for the drill.


\section*{How to Scoop Syllables}
1. Identify prefixes, base, and suffix
2. Place a dot under each vowel
3. Scoop word into syllables
4. Identify syllable types
5. Mark each vowel sound
6. Read each syllable
7. Blend the syllables to read the word

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\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Closed & C \\
Syllable & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\title{
hit tas \\ \\ chat \\ \\ chat lish stop prob \\ \\ tablet \\ \\ tablet \\ submit \\ fantastic
}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline hunk & flask \\
\hline silk & milk \\
\hline cluck & stunk \\
\hline lick & rank \\
\hline flick & rink \\
\hline punk & runk \\
\hline link & brunk \\
\hline blink & brink \\
\hline black & truck \\
\hline flack & slick \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Ted and Fred}

Ted is a black cat.
Fred is Ted's kid.
Fred drops a jug of milk.
"Drat," says Fred.
Fred sets the milk in the sink.
Ted thinks, "It is fantastic when Fred drops stuff."
Ted drinks the milk in the sink.
Fred drops a bag of chips on the rug.
"Drat," says Fred.
Ted thinks, "It is fantastic when Fred drops stuff."
Ted snacks on the chips.
Fred picks up Ted to pet him.
Fred slips and drops Ted.
"Drat," says Fred.
Ted thinks, "It is not fantastic when Fred drops Ted."

\section*{Instructions}

Do not show this picture until AFTER the student reads the story. If you show it before, you are teaching the student to guess at words based on the picture. We want to teach the student to use decoding skills.

"young-bull-elk-3794291 1280" by webart-style is licensed under CC0.

\section*{The big buck is back.}

\section*{The black tablet is fantastic.}

\section*{The clock struck ten.}```

