## LESSON PLAN

| Student: | Lesson \#37 |
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| Length: 45-60 minutes | Date: |
| Instructor: | Time: |

Credits: This lesson was created by Shawna Audet from the Flying Cat Academy. The drills used in this lesson and the scope and sequence that it follows were created by the Dyslexia Training Institute. The pictures used in the connected text section comes from pixabay.com.

## Section 1: Sight Word Study Method and Review Drills

## Sight Words - 5 minutes

Equipment: list of common sight words, instruction sheet, blank index cards, and marker
Notes Current sight words: such, much, rich, which
New words added:

## Short Vowel Drill - 3 minutes

Equipment: 5 short vowel keyword pictures and the "Fat Ed is not up" handout.
Notes
Note: Discontinue this drill when the sounds are mastered
Phonemic Awareness Drill - 3 minutes
Equipment: differently coloured blocks of uniform shape
Notes
Word List: hat, hut, hunt, hun, hunch, runch, brunch, unch, lunch
Visual Drill - 2 minutes
Equipment: card pack of graphemes on which the student is currently working
Notes
consonants: $b, c, d, f, g, h, j, k, l, m, n, p, q u, r, s, t, v, w, x, y, z$
short vowels: a,e,i,o,u
begin. consonant blends: $\mathrm{bl}, \mathrm{cl}, \mathrm{fl}, \mathrm{gl}, \mathrm{pl}, \mathrm{sl}, \mathrm{br}, \mathrm{cr}, \mathrm{dr}, \mathrm{fr}, \mathrm{gr}, \mathrm{pr}, \mathrm{tr}, \mathrm{sc}, \mathrm{sk}, \mathrm{sm}, \mathrm{sn}, \mathrm{sp}, \mathrm{st}, \mathrm{sw}, \mathrm{tw}, \mathrm{scr}, \mathrm{spl}, \mathrm{str}, \mathrm{squ}$ ending consonant blends: ct, ft, It, pt, $n t, \mathrm{st}, \mathrm{xt}, \mathrm{If}, \mathrm{Ik}, \mathrm{Ip}, \mathrm{Id}, \mathrm{mp}, \mathrm{sk}, \mathrm{sp}$
exceptions to closed syllable rule: all, ang, ank, ing, ank, ing, ink, old, ild, ind
consonant digraphs: ch, sh, ph, wh, th
other: tch
Auditory Drill - 2 minutes

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Equipment: Same pack of index cards that you used for the visual drill consonants: /b/ /c/ /d/ /f/ /g/ /h/ /j/ /k/ /I/ /m/ /n/ /p/ /qu/ /r/ /s/ /t/ /v/ /w/ /x/ /y/ /z/ short vowels: /a/ /e/ /i/ /o/ /u/ beginning consonant blends: /bl/ /cl/ /fl/ /gl/ /pl/ /sl/ /br/ /cr/ /dr/ /fr/ /gr/ /pr/ /tr/ /sc/ /sk/ /sm/ /sn/ /sp/ /st/ /sw/ /tw/ /scr/ /spl/ /spr//squ/ ending consonant blends: /ct/ /ft/ /lt/ /pt/ /nt/ /st/ /xt/ /ff/ /lk/ /lp/ /ld/ /mp/ /sk/ /sp/ exceptions to closed syllable rule: /all/ /ang/ /ank/ /old/ /ild/ /ind/ consonant digraphs: /ch//sh//ph//wh/ /th/
other: /tch/
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## Section 2: New Content and Reading

## Syllable Card Drill - 2 minutes

## Equipment: index cards

1. Write each syllable on an index card. Place the cards in two columns so that all of the "Syllable \#1" cards are in the first column (sling, wind, cross, cab, shell) and "Syllable \#2" cards in the second column (cut, in, fish, mill, shot).

| sling | cut |
| :--- | :--- |
| wind | in |
| cross | fish |
| cab | mill |
| shell | shot |

2.Complete, the drill by asking the student to do the following things:
a) read down all the Column \#1 words and then all the Column \#2 words.
b) read across each row (the words will be nonsense words)
c) move around words in Column \#2 to create real words (slingshot, windmill, crosscut, cabin, shellfish).
d) Discuss the meaning of each word with the student and ask the student to use each word in a sentence.

Review of Recent Rules and Concepts - 10 minutes
Topic: Pounding Syllables
Equipment: hands
Word List: cab, cabin, slingshot, bobsled, bab, cut
Instructions

1. Orally practice identifying syllables in words by having student tap arm and extend a finger for each new syllable heard.

## Topic: consonant digraphs

Equipment: magnetic letter tiles

1. Ask the student to define the term consonant digraph.
2. Do blending drills to practice working with the different consonant digraphs previously taught: graph, raph, rash, thrash, rash, ram, wham, whem, them

## Topic: 'tch' rule

Equipment: 'tch' letter card, rule card, letter cards for blending drill

1. Use the rule card to review the 'tch.' Rule:
a. In a one syllable base/root word that ends in /ch/
b. And the sound directly before the /ch/ is a short vowel
c. Spell the /ch/ sound with 'tch.'
2. Complete /c/ and /tch/ word sort to practice applying the rule. Ask the student to sort out the words under the correct headings and then underline the letter that comes before the "ch" and discuss the rule. Have the student listen to the teacher say one the words. Ask the student to repeat the word, tap it out, and point to either the 'ch' or 'tch' column, and then open eyes to see if correct.
'ch' words: munch, crunch, ranch, pinch 'tch' words: glitch, latch, witch, switch

## Topic: Double f, I, s, and z Rule

Equipment: letter cards, rule card, key phrase picture of Jeff and Buzz, index cards

1. Review the double $f, I, s$ and $z$ rule using letter cards. Use an extra copy of each letter or a letter card with these letters doubled on them. Put down letters for the word bud. Ask the student to explain why bud is a closed syllable.
2. Change the bud into buzz. Ask the student to explain what they remember about the "Jeff will pass Buzz" rule. The student might say that there are a few letters that get doubled when they appear at the end of a one syllable closed syllable word. Ask the student to explain how the keyword phrase is helpful.
3. Take out the rule card. Read it to the student and emphasize that the rule is only for one syllable closed syllable words:

## Double f, I, s and z Rule

1. In a one syllable base/root word that ends in the /f/, /l/, /s/ or /z/ sound
2. And the sound directly before/preceding the $/ \mathrm{f} / \mathrm{/} / \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{/} / \mathrm{s} /$ or $/ \mathrm{z} /$ sound is a short vowel sound
3. Double the ' $f$ ', ' 1 ', ' $s$ ' or ' $z$ '
4. Ask the student to sort out the one syllable closed syllable words (which are on index cards) into two columns to illustrate which words need to have a letter doubled at the end and which ones do not. Ask the student to read through the words.

| YES |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Word ends in " f, " "I," " s, " or " z " = must <br> double it |  |
| gras | left |
| stif | tug |
| jaz | hut |
| tel | pump |
| spel | lunch |

## New Content/New Rule - 0 minutes

No new content. This is a review lesson.
Notes
Isolated Words - Magnetic Letter Tile Reading Drill - 5 minutes
Equipment: magnetic letter tiles placed in rainbow shape in alphabetical order
Notes
Word list: pill, kiss, hiff, gull, fuzz
Word List - Oral Reading of Isolated Words - 2 minutes
Word list: huff, raff, beff, bell, tell, hill, pass, less, luss, muss, miss, buzz, fuzz, fizz, hiss, sizz,
Notes yell, duff, diff, stiff
Sentences - Oral Reading of Connected Text - 2 minutes
"The Kittens" story (Part 1 of 1)

## Section 3: Writing

Isolated Words - Magnetic Letter Tile Spelling Drill - 5 minutes
Word list: yell, mass, floss, cliff
Finger Tapping/Tracing/Writing - individual words - 2 minutes
Word list: hunch, grill, lull, crutch
Notes
Connected Text - 5 minutes
Ask the student to write the following dictated sentences. Use CHOPS to check work:

1. Jeff will stretch and then go for a run.
2. I swing the bat and miss the ball.
3. Will the cat hiss if I yell?

Wrap-Up/Review - 2 minutes
Student uses multisensory tools to summarize key concepts.

- "tch" rule
- f,l,s,z doubling rule

Homework

- Practice short vowel drill and sight words (reading and writing)

Instructions: Cut these cards out and use them for the drill.


Instructions: Cut these cards out and use them for the drill.


Instructions: Cut these cards out and use them for the drill.

| YES | NO |
| :---: | :---: |
| gras | left |
| stif | tug |
| jaz | hut |
| tel | pump |
| spell | lunch |


| huff | miss |
| :--- | :--- |
| raff | buzz |
| hiss | fuzz |
| bell | fizz |
| tell | hiss |
| hill | sizz |
| pass | yell |
| less | duff |
| luss | diff |
| muss | stiff |

## The Kittens (part 1 of 2)

Jeff and Jill are kids.
Jeff and Jill are pals.
Jeff and Jill kick a ball at a wall.
The ball pops up and gets in the tall grass.
Jeff says, "I will find the ball."
Jill grins. "I will find the ball."
Jeff and Jill run in the tall grass.
Jill spots a tan kitten in the grass.
Jill stops and picks up the kitten.
Jeff spots a red kitten in the grass.
Jeff stops and picks up the kitten.
Jill spots a lot of kittens. "Six kittens!" says Jill.
Jeff grins. "This is the best."
Jill says, "I think that the kittens have no mom."
Jeff nods. "I think that the kittens are wild."
Jill says, "Let's be moms for the kittens."
Jeff says, "I am not a mom. I will be a kitten dad."
Jill nods. "I will get a box."

## Instructions

Do not show this picture until AFTER the student reads the story. If you show it before, you are teaching the student to guess at words based on the picture. We want to teach the student to use decoding skills.

"kittens-555822 1280" by Jan-Mallander is licensed under CC0.

Jeff will stretch and then go

## for a run.

# I swing the bat and miss the 

## ball.

Will the cat hiss if I yell?

