LESSON PLAN

Student:	Lesson #105	
Length: 45-60 minutes	Date:	
Instructor:	Time:	
Credits: This lesson was created by Shawna Audet from the Flying Cat Academy. The drills and the scope and		

sequence that it follows were created by the Dyslexia Training Institute. The pictures come from pixabay.com.

Section 1: Sight Word Study Method and Review Drills

Sight Words – 5 minutes	Notes
Equipment: list of common sight words, instruction sheet, blank index cards, and marker Current sight words: New words added:	
Phonemic Awareness Drill – 3 minutes	
Equipment: coloured tiles Words: fin, fen, fern, ferd, herd, nerd, nord, norm, torm, torn, born	
Visual Drill – 2 minutes	
Equipment: card pack of graphemes on which student is currently working written on index cards consonants: b,c,d,f,g,h,j,k,l,m,n,p,qu,r,s,t,v,w,x,y,z single grapheme vowels: a,e,i,o,u,y begin. consonant blends: bl, cl, fl, gl, pl, sl, br, cr, dr, fr, gr, pr, tr, sc, sk, sm, sn, sp, st, sw, tw, scr, spl, str, squ ending consonant blends: ct, ft, lt, pt, nt, st, xt, lf, lk, lp, ld, mp, sk, sp exceptions to closed syllable rule: all, ang, ank, ing, ank, ing, ink, old, ild, ind, igh consonant digraphs: ch, sh, ph, wh, th other: tch, ck, ci, co, cu, cy, cl, cr, ct, gl, gr, ga, ge, gi, go, gu, gy, mb, wr, kn, dge, gh, que vowel teams (also known as vowel digraphs): ai, ay, ee, ey, oa, oe, ow, ue, ie vowel diphthongs: au, aw, oi, oy, oo, ou, ow, ie ew, ea r-controlled: ar, or, er, ir, ur (reminder: use blocking strategies and remove mastered sounds from pack)	
Auditory Drill – 2 minutes	
Equipment: Same pack of index cards that you used for the visual drill	

Section 2: New Content and Reading

Blending Card Drill – 2 minutes	
Equipment: letter cards Words: dirt, firt, fir, ferd, herd, nerd, nord, norm, torm, torn, born, barn	Notes
Review of Recent Rules and Concepts – 15 minutes	

Topic: Pounding Syllables Equipment: hands Word List: thirty, flirt, flirting, dirty Instructions: Orally practice identifying syllables in words by having student tap arm and extend a finger for each new syllable heard.	
Topic: Syllabication Equipment: letter tiles, syllabication worksheet 1. Ask student to work through the syllable division worksheet, giving guidance as needed. Words: concert (con-cert), birdcage (birdcage), thirteen (thir-teen)	
<i>Topic: Using suffixes with previously learned syllable types</i> Materials: suffixes worksheet Ask student to work on "Adding Suffixes (Endings)" sheet.	
 Topic: Review of 'er' and 'ir' r-controlled syllable Materials: index cards 1. Ask student to take out their r-controlled rule card: When only 1 vowel is followed by the 'r,' the vowel makes a new sound with the letter 'r' 2. Show <ar> <or> <er> and <ir> grapheme cards. Ask student to say the sound of each.</ir></er></or></ar> 3. Ask student to place down <ir> word cards and retell story that student made in last lesson to remember the <ir> words</ir></ir> Words: girl, bird, birth, dirt, first, fir, firm, flirt, shirt, sir, stir, skirt, third, thirty 	
New Content/New Rule – 0 minutes	
No new content. This is a review lesson.	
Isolated Words – Magnetic Letter Tile Reading Drill – 5 minutes	
Equipment: magnetic letter tiles placed in rainbow shape in alphabetical order Words: girl, her, dirt, herd, shirt, skirt	
Word List – Oral Reading of Isolated Words – 2 minutes	
Word list: car, part, port, torn, storm, her, her, herd, perm, pert, skirt, shirt, fir, first, third, thirty, thirsty, dirt, girl	
Sentences – Oral Reading of Connected Text – 2 minutes	
"Fir Trees" story	

Section 3: Writing

Isolated Words – Magnetic Letter Tile Spelling Drill – 5 minutes	
Word list: car, cart, form, port, fir, first	
Finger Tapping/Tracing/Writing – individual words – 2 minutes	
Word list: girl, bar, lord, her, herd	
Connected Text – 5 minutes	
 Ask the student to write the following dictated sentences. Use CHOPS to check work: 1. Fir trees like to grow in dirt that is moist. 2. I docked my boat at the port in the storm. 3. The girl can see thirty stars in the dark sky. 	
Wrap-Up/Review – 2 minutes	
 Student uses multisensory tools to summarize key concepts. Sounds of 'au,' 'aw,' 'oi,' 'oy,' 'oo,' 'ou,' 'ow,' 'ew' and 'ea' Sounds of 'ar,' 'or,' 'er,' and 'ir' <u>Homework:</u> Practice sight words (reading and writing) 	

Scooping Syllables Worksheet

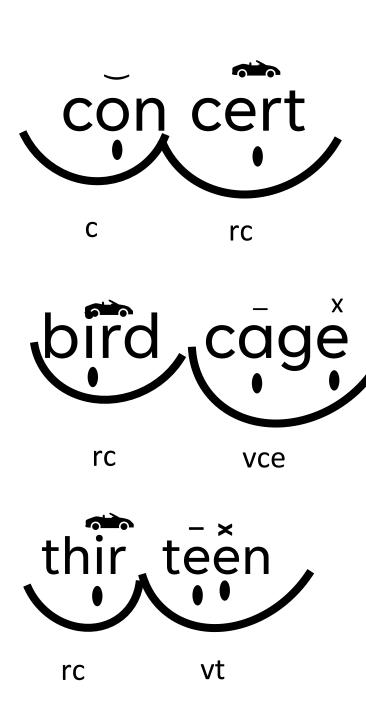
Closed Syllable	С
Open Syllable	0
Schwa	Ð
Vowel, Consonant, Silent E	VCE
Vowel Team	VT
Vowel Diphthong	VD
R-Controlled	RC

concert

birdcage

thirteen

Scooping Syllables Worksheet



I let the student choose a symbol to use to show the r-controlled syllable type. Often, the student will choose a car as the symbol because it relates to the racecar image on the r-controlled rule card.

Adding Suffixes (Endings)

Closed Syllable = 1:1:1 rule

1 syllable word	1 short vowel	only 1	ending starts	Answer
	before the last	, consonant at	with vowel:	
	consonant	end	s, ing, ed,	
			ful, less, er,	
			est, ness, y	
sun	\checkmark	\checkmark	<	sunny
hug, wed, ring				
lem				

Closed Syllable = 2:1:1 rule

2 or more syllables in word	1 short vowel in last syllable	Only one consonant at end	Accent is on last syllable	ending starts with vowel: s, ing, ed, ful, less, er, est, ness,	Answer
				ment, y	
submit	>	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	submitter
forbid, control, invest					
ontrol					

Open Syllables: (change the y to an i and add the ending)

<u> </u>	0 /	
Word	Suffix	Answer
	es, ing, ed,	
	ful, less, er, est, ness	
be, dry, pry		
	fe	

Vowel Consonant Silent e (VCE):

drop the e on the base and add the suffix if the suffix starts with a vowel Note: when adding suffix y, you often drop the e, but not always – *dicey*, *hokey*)

Word	Suffix	Answer		
	s, ing, ed,			
	ful, less, er, est, ness, y			
wade, tame, fine, cone				
nane				

Vowel Teams

- 1. Slam on the ending if the last letter in the base is any letter except 'e.'
- 2. If the last 'e' in the base is an 'e,' then drop the 'e' and add the vowel ending.
- 3. When adding 'y' to a word that ends in 'ie,' you change the 'ie' to 'y' (to avoid having the letter 'i' occur twice in a row).

Word	Suffix	Answer	
	s, ing, ed,		
	ful, less, er, est, ness, y		
play, rain, team, tree			
reen			

Vowel Diphthongs

Slam on the ending if the last letter in the base is any letter except 'e' If the last 'e' in the base is an 'e,' drop the 'e' and add the vowel ending.

Word	Suffix	Answer	
	s, ing, ed,		
	ful, less, er, est, ness, y		
moon, loud, head			
	hout		

girl	flirt
bird	shirt
birth	sir
dirt	skirt
fir	first
firm	third
	thirty

car	skirt
part	shirt
port	fir
torn	first
storm	third
her	thirty
herd	thirsty
perm	dirt
pert	girl

Fir Trees

Fir trees are evergreen trees.

Evergreen means that fir trees stay green all year long.

Fir trees like to grow in dirt that is moist and drains well.

Young fir trees have thin smooth bark.

Old fir trees have thick, bumpy bark.

Most fir trees live to be about 60 years old.

Is 60 years a long or short life span for a tree? It depends.

Peach trees only live to be about thirty.

Ash trees can live up to 350 years.

The oldest fir trees ever recorded were 700 years old.

That sounds very old, but 2000 years is the age of the old redwoods.

Instructions

Do not show this picture until AFTER the student reads the story. If you show it before, you are teaching the student to guess at words based on the picture. We want to teach the student to use decoding skills.



"forest-6874717 1280" by oyso is licensed under CCO.

Fir trees like to grow in dirt that is moist.

I docked my boat at the port in the storm.

The girl can see thirty stars in the dark sky.